The multifaceted culture wars against education constitute attacks how history and social studies are taught and written. They are attempts to severely restrict or eliminate teaching about race, ethnicity, gender, sexuality, and LGBTQ issues. They are an assault on academic freedom in higher education and on professional autonomy and responsibility in K-12 schools. They reveal political efforts to undermine public education in the United States on all levels.

Historians for Peace and Democracy has compiled this archive of materials on the past and present of the culture wars and responses to them. We hope this archive will help teachers and students on all levels educate themselves about the current crisis and find constructive ways to respond to it. The archive provides a variety of resources that will be useful as well for journalists, commentators, politicians, and the general public. Contents will be updated regularly.

Table of Contents

I. Key Statements and Reports by central actors in the struggle against political control of education
II. Educational Gag Orders
III. Book Banning
IV. Analysis
   A. General
   B. Historical Comparisons and Precedents
   C. Critical Race Theory
   D. LGBTQ+ Issues
   E. Public Education
V. Impact: Contemporary Case Studies
   A. Teaching about Race and Gender in K-12
   B. Teaching about Race and Gender in Higher Education
VI. Educational Labor
VII. Right-Wing Cultural Warriors
   A. Analysis of the Opposition
   B. Organizations and Foundations supporting and funding the culture Wars
VIII. What Is to Be Done?
   A. What Works
   B. How to Get Active
   C. Resources for Teaching and Activism
I. Key Statements and Reports by central actors in the struggle against political control of education

1. American Association of University Professors (AAUP), American Historical Association (AHA), Association of American Colleges & Universities (AACU), and PEN America, “Joint Statement on Legislative Efforts to Restrict Education about Racism and American History,” June 16, 2021: A key document by 4 academic and free speech groups opposing the threatened education gag rules.

2. African American Policy Forum (AAPF), #TruthBeTold: A summary of the campaign against anti-CRT/divisive concepts bills by the African American Policy Forum, a key organization in the fight against this legislation, led by Kimberlé Crenshaw, one of the founders of CRT.

3. PEN America, Educational Gag Orders, January 2022: Extensive report covering gag order legislation and the context behind them with excellent links to further reading.


5. American Association of Colleges and Universities (AAC&U) & PEN, “Statement by AAC&U and PEN America Regarding Recent Legislative Restrictions on Teaching and Learning,” June 8, 2022: This emphasizes importance of faculty control over educational issues and notes that state control of curriculum may well endanger the accreditation of colleges and universities.

6. The Education Trust, “U.S. Public Education is Under Attack: It’s Time to Take a Stand,” February 28, 2022: Argues that educational gag orders and book banning are an attack on public education that deprives students of an equitable education.


II. Educational Gag Orders
1. PEN American Index of Educational Gag Orders: A comprehensive and regularly updated spreadsheet listing all legislation introduced since January 2021, laws, state policies/executive orders, and live bills.
2. UCLA School of Law, CRT Forward Tracking Project: Interactive map displaying anti-CRT efforts introduced at the local, state and federal levels as part of project to identify, track, and analyze legislative activity restricting access to truthful information about CRT, race, and system racism.
4. Legiscan, National legislative search about “critical race theory”, database: Legiscan is an impartial, real-time legislative tracking service for public and government use, links directly to search results for “critical race theory”
5. Legiscan, National legislative search for “sexuality” and “education”, database: Legiscan is an impartial, real-time legislative tracking service for public and government use, links directly to search results including both “sexuality” and “education.” Bills censoring LGBTQ+ issues do not tend to say LGBTQ in the title, rather they use terms like “sexuality” and “age appropriate education.” Viewers will need to manually sort through results to determine which bills are bans.

III. Book Banning
2. Jonathan Friedman and Nadine Farid, “Banned in the USA: The Growing Movement to Censor Books in Schools,” PEN America, Sept 19, 2022: A comprehensive report on which books are being banned and where and on which groups are the driving force behind book banning.
3. PEN America, Book Bans: PEN tracker of books banned in libraries and classrooms, links to browsable and searchable index of banned books and provides form for reporting a book ban.
4. Jonathan Friedman, “This Talk May be Banned in Schools,” TEDxKC: Video of talk by PEN’s Jonathan Friedman about book banning. Includes many useful charts and examples of bans.
5. American Federation of Teachers, “On Books, Literacy and Intellectual Freedom,” February 24, 2022: Resolution by AFT opposing campaigns to ban books and the written word in libraries and schools, affirming collaboration with organizations and unions defending intellectual freedom, and highlighting partnerships of educators, parents, families, and students focused on high-quality preK-12 literacy and language arts.

6. Carrie Levine, “All the Shelves Would Be Bare,” Portside, Feb. 20 2022: Overview of book banning in key right-wing states and interview with Christine Emeran, the Director of the Youth Free Expression Program of the National Coalition Against Censorship.

7. John Self, “The ‘dangerous’ books too powerful to read,” BBC, September 21, 2022: This covers the long history of book banning in Europe and the US and details the most banned books since the 1982 inception of Banned Books Weeks, which occurs every September.

8. Ishena Robinson, “Anti-CRT Mania and Book Bans are the Latest Tactics to Halt Racial Justice,” An NAACP Legal Defense Fund analysis of book banning as well as attacks on CRT and threats to school staff.


IV. Analysis

A. General


3. Jon D. Michals and David L. Noll, “Vigilante Federalism,“ Cornell Law, Review, 2022: Traces the emergence of vigilante federalism or the creation of private subordination regimes, that devolve and privatize state power and authorize private people and organizations to surveil such
groups as teachers, LGBTQ people and doctors. The aim is to implement right-wing agendas.

4. Ashley L. White, “The State of Education Censorship in Institutions of Higher Ed and Implications for the Field,” NAACP & American Association of Colleges for Teacher Education, October 25, 2022: This survey outlining current educational censorship by examining themes underlying proposed and enacted legislation with a focus on institutions of higher education but including implications for K-12.


B. Historical Comparisons and Precedents

1. Ellen Schrecker, “Yes, These Bills are the New McCarthyism,” Academe Blog, Sept 12, 2021: Laws banning teaching of CRT and other “divisive concepts” mark the return of McCarthyism, but with a broader purview than their historical predecessors.


5. AskHistorians Podcast, “The Silencing of Anti-Racist Educators in New York City in the Mid-20th Century,” Episode 184, October 21, 2021: Podcast episode featuring historians, including HPAD member Andy Feffer, on attacks on educators in Harlem and Brooklyn who attempted to address racism in NYC’s curriculum and school system and were targeted by anti-communists.

C. Critical Race Theory


2. “Ideas that make up critical race theory have been around long before it got its name,” National Public Radio, Sept 13, 2022: Kimberlé Crenshaw, a founder of the field of CRT, offers a broad view of it.


6. Tyler Parry, “Critical Race Theory and the Misappropriating of Martin Luther King, Jr.” Black Perspectives, Sept 30, 2021: Argues that conservatives misrepresent MLK Jr.’s thought when they claim he was colorblind and advocated race neutrality. In fact, King and CRT are close in their analysis of race in the U.S. and the solution proposed.

D. LGBTQ+ Issues


2. Omar G. Encarnación, “Florida’s ‘Don’t Say Gay’ Bill is Part of the State’s Long, Shameful History,” TIME, May 12, 2022: Florida bill has made state “ground zero in America’s culture wars.” Critics see bill as attempt to weaponize parental rights to marginalize LGBTQ people.

3. Gabriel Arana, “The Republican Plot to Ban LGBTQ History in Public Schools,” The New Republic, June 28, 2021: State bans on teaching LGBTQ history reflect resurgence of culture-war politics and religious right’s moral panic. Bills are connected to other religious exemptions granted by the Supreme Court.
4. Kalyn Belsha, “Am I not allowed to mention myself? Schools grapple with new restrictions on teaching about gender and sexuality,” Chalkbeat, April 12, 2022: First hand reports from high school students and teachers on the impact of restrictions on teaching about gender, sexuality and especially LGBTQ issues.


6. Stephen Sawchuk, “What’s Driving the Push to Restrict Schools on LGBTQ Issues?” Education Week, April 19, 2022: Identifies the old fears about LGBTQ people and new political tools behind proposed legislation taking aim at LGBTQ students. Emphasizes long history of push for “parent’s rights” in schools and aggressive new rhetoric about trans students.

E. Public Education

1. Randi Weingarten and Jonah Edelman, “Extremists Are Using Lies to Undermine America’s Public Schools: We Need to Take a Stand,” Time, April 29, 2022: The president of the American Federation of Teachers and the CEO of Stand for Children expose the coordinated national campaign of Christopher Rufo, Fox News and right-wig politicians to attack the legitimacy of public education and replace it with a universal voucher system.

2. Sarah Jaffe, “How the Attack on Teachers Threatens the future of Public Schools,” Rethinking Schools, vol 36, no. 3: Argues that over half a million public school educators have quit since 2020 due not only to the pandemic and ongoing low pay and overwork but also and equally to political attacks, disrespect from parents and politicians and a loss of autonomy in the classroom.


4. Jamelle Bouie, “Democrats, You can’t ignore the culture wars any longer,” New York Times, April 22, 2022: Argues that educational gag orders and
attacks on LGBTQ rights are an attack key public goods and urges Democrats to engage actively to combat them.


6. Heather C. McGhee and Victor Ray, “School is for Making Citizens,” New York Times, Sept 1, 2022: Outlines attack on critical and balanced history education, such as in the Freedom Schools of civil rights era, and how such attacks prevents students from becoming educated citizens and are part of broad effort to create mistrust in public education.

V. Impact: Contemporary Case Studies
   A. Teaching about Race and Gender in K-12
      2. Megan O’Matz, “What Increasingly Partisan and Venomous Wisconsin School Board Races Reveal About American Elections,” ProPublica, April 1, 2022 Analyzes how local conservative activists and national figures like Steve Bannon have transformed Wisconsin school board elections, which previously focused on taxes and teacher pay, into bitter partisan battles over personnel, curriculum and parental rights.
      3. Jeremy Schwartz, “A Push to Remove LGBTQ Books in One County Could Signal Rising Partisanship on School Boards,” ProPublica, Feb 7, 2022: Reconstructs the years long and successful efforts of far-right Christian conservatives in Hood County Texas to win seats on school and library boards, get books, mainly with LGBTQ themes, removed from school libraries, and harass teachers and librarians until they quit in fear.
      4. Nicole Carr, “White Parents Rallied to Chase Black Educator Out of Town. Then, They Followed Her to the Next One,” ProPublica, June 16, 2022: Traces the successful campaign by white conservatives to fire an experienced Black educator who was hired to direct Diversity, Equity and Inclusion initiatives in the Cherokee County Georgia school district.
5. Southern Poverty Law Center, “Cousins et al. v. The School Board of Orange County et. al.,” Filed July 25, 2022: SPLC’s litigation on behalf of some Florida parents and children against Florida’s HB 1557, commonly referred to as the “Don’t Say Gay” law, which, the complaint argues, violates free speech, due process and equal protection under laws.

6. Timothy Messer-Kruse, “Anti-Critical Race Theory and Neo-McCarthyism,” Counterpunch, June 18, 2021: Uses the career of Ohio State Representative Sarah Fowler Arthur to illustrate how right-wing conservatives in Ohio are trying (so far unsuccessfully) to revamp the K-12 curriculum by eliminating references to fair play, the common good, and environmentalism among other terms and labeling the US a constitutional republic not a democracy.

7. Stephen Jackson, “Standards of Revision: Partisan Politics Comes to South Dakota’s Schools,” Perspectives on History October 26, 2022: Jackson, a history professor, participated in the South Dakota K-12 social studies revision process, helping write a document that incorporated indigenous voices and emphasized critical thinking. The state Dept. of Education and governor first rewrote the report, then appointed a new revision committee with few teachers and produced a third version with no indigenous voices and an emphasis on memorization.


B. Teaching about Race and Gender in Higher Education

1. Daniel Golden and Kirsten Berg, “The Other Cancel Culture: How a Public University Is Bowing to a Conservative Crusade” ProPublica, June 29, 2022 (cross published as “The Red State University Blues” at Inside Higher Ed): Explores how Boise State University’s administration has changed policies in the face of attacks from the Idaho legislature and school alums.


and autonomy of Wisconsin's public universities and colleges by Governor Scott Walker (2011-19), why it garnered so much support and how it has been taken up elsewhere.


VI. Educational Labor


2. John Nichols, “Randi Weingarten Rips CRT Critics for ‘Trying to Stop Us From Teaching Students Accurate History,’” The Nation, July 9, 2021: AFT President Randi Weingarten’s attack on criticisms of CRT, their meaning, and the reactions to them.

3. Juan Perez Jr, “Teacher unions push back on debate over critical race theory,” Politico, July 6, 2021: Report on NEA approval of funds to investigate conservative groups that are attacking educators and to publicize accurate information about CRT.

4. Virginia Myers, “Anti-racist education benefits all of us,” American Federation of Teachers, July 7, 2021: Coverage of event with Ibram X. Kendi and AFT about the connection between anti-racism and education, and emphasizing the importance of teaching about racism to national healing and progress.

5. Becky Pringle, “Our children deserve to known the trust. Honest education can’t leave out race and racism,” USA Today, June 29, 2021: Op-ed by National Education Association President and middle school teacher, Becky Pringle, on efforts to deny students their right to truthful and honest education and how this fearmongering is an attempt to distract from politicians’ failures to address structural problems in the school system.

6. Amanda Litvinov, “It’s Freedom We’re Fighting For,” NEA Today, July 4, 2022: NEA Executive Director Kim Anderson explains how the connection between public education and democracy makes educators key to defending social and political freedoms. Calls on educators, students, and parents to counteract efforts to privatize public education.
VII. Right-Wing Cultural Warriors

A. Analysis of the Opposition

1. James Grossman and Jeremy C. Young, “To understand the history wars, follow the paper trail,” *The Hill*, July 5, 2021: Investigates the individuals and organizations which are writing the anti-CRT and divisive concept bills, the similar language used and the lack of knowledge of local curriculum.

2. Matthew Cunningham-Cook, “How Wall Street is Funding the Culture War,” *The Lever*, September 13, 2022: Analyzes the individuals, including hedge fund managers Paul Singer and John Paulson, who sit on the board of the Manhattan Institute, for which Christopher Rufo works, and have donated generously to it.

3. Edward Graham, “Who is Behind Attacks on Educators and Public Schools,” *NEAToday*, December 14, 2021: Surveys the small groups who are leading the attack on discussions of race, history, and gender and the conservative funders who support them.


7. Maurice Cunningham, “Koch Connections and Sham Grassroots of Parents Defending Education,” *Mass Politics Profs*, April 12, 2021. Lays out the top down funding and leadership of Parents Defending Education and its close connections with Moms for Liberty and No Left Turn in Education.

B. Organizations and Foundations supporting and funding the culture Wars

1. *American Legislative Exchange Council* (ALEC)


2. Manhattan Institute
   a) Benjamin Wallace-Wells, “How a Conservative Activist Invented the Conflict Over Critical Race Theory,” New Yorker, June 18 2021: The Manhattan Institute is home to Christopher Rufo, who has redefined critical race theory to serve as a political weapon for the conservative culture war.

3. Moms for Liberty
   a) Paige Williams, “The Right-Wing Mothers Fueling the School-Board Wars,” New Yorker, October 31, 2022: A detailed reconstruction of the multiple tactics used by Moms for Liberty in a white, affluent suburban Nashville school district to attack a widely used English and Language Arts curriculum, the district superintendent and diversity consultants.
   b) “Moms for Liberty,” GLAAD Accountability Project, Succinct overview of the founders, funders, goals and activism of Moms for Liberty by GLAAD which monitors misinformation about LGBTQ people.
   c) Olivia Little, “Unmasking Moms for Liberty,” MediaMatters, Nov 12, 2021: Very thorough analysis of structure of Moms for Liberty and connections to right-wing foundations and GOP.
   d) Tyler Kingkade, “Moms for Liberty's conservative activists are planning their next move: Taking over school boards” NBCNews, July 17, 2022: Report on the first national summit of Moms for Liberty (195 chapters in 37 states) and the Republican politicians promoting the organization and its agenda.
   e) Laura Jedeed, “Moms for Liberty Has Created Nightmares for Schools Across the Country,” The New Republic, May 31, 2022:
Investigates the multipronged Moms for Liberty strategy to shape curriculum and ban books as well as elect right-wing candidates and in the long run, undermine public education by implementing school choice.

f) Tim Craig, “Moms for Liberty has turned ‘parental rights’ into a rallying cry for conservative parents,” Washington Post, Oct 15, 2021: Uses Brevard County Florida as an example of how the staunchly conservative Moms for Liberty grew by weaponizing parental rights and attacking curriculum, books, and covid policies.

4. Foundation Against Intolerance and Racism (FAIR)

5. Turning Point USA
   a) Jonathan Marks, “Red Scare: A Populist Conservativism that bares an uncomfortable resemblance to McCarthyism confronts colleges,” Chronicle of Higher Education, Sept. 28, 2022 (AW): Turning Point USA is the focus of this analysis of new forms of right-wing campus activism.
   b) Turning Point maintains a “School Board Watchlist,” demonstrating how they are singling out school boards for large and small criticism that they hope will mobilize parents and community members.

6. Hillsdale College
VIII. What Is to Be Done?

A. What Works

1. Brendan Cantwell, “The Culture War has Come for Higher Ed,” Chronicle of Higher Ed, July 12, 2021: A plea for college faculty and administrations to acknowledge that there is a culture war, to tell the truth, defend faculty of color and push back against educational gag orders and attacks on tenure.

2. Margaret Power, “I teach my students to see the complexity of history,” Chicago Tribune, June 6, 2022: Relates her experience teaching Latin American History and Women’s Studies at Illinois Tech.

3. “Teachers Refuse to Lie to Students,” Zinn Education Project, Feb 15, 2022: More than 8K teachers have signed the pledge to teach history honesty as an act of resistance to GOP bills. Includes some of the pledges.


7. Rachel M. Cohen, “As States Build Barriers to Racial Justice Teaching, Educators Fight Back,” Rethinking Schools, Jan 3, 2022: Teachers pledging to resist bills and doubling down on efforts to learn and teach about race. National day of action on June 12. Different rallies held. Provides some background/antecedents. Educators who worked to support local teachers threatened by media attention/attacks. Educators creating study groups and online classes and professional development.


9. Kathryn Joyce, “Fighting back against CRT Panic: Educators organize around the threat to academic freedom,” Salon, March 7, 2022: Interview
with AAPF’s Sumi Cho covering the Truth be Told initiative, including the model faculty resolution.


B. How to Get Active


2. African American Policy Forum “#TruthBeTold Campaign,” Information on their academic freedom petition and faculty senate resolutions campaign including information about how to get involved.

3. Timothy Messer-Kruse, “How to Sink Anti-CRT Bills,” Chronicle of Higher Ed, Feb 16, 2022: Argues that the accreditation process can be used to combat anti-CRT bills.

4. Jennifer Ruth and Ellen Schrecker, “Faculty, You Have Power! Use It!,” Academe Blog, February 14, 2022: Faculty are not powerless in responding to crises of the academy. In addition to lobbying, emailing politicians, and writing op-eds and letters, faculty need to take collective action to demonstrate united opposition to interference in academic freedom.

5. NEA EdJustice: Offers ways to get connected and engaged to advocate for racial and social justice in schools and communities.
   b) NEA, “Bargaining for the Common Good”: Outlines how union members can unite with community people and organization if they bargain collectively for such things as smaller classes, equitable disciplinary policies and less testing.

6. Historians on Call: Historians-on-Call is a joint campaign with Historians for Peace and Democracy and the Zinn Education Project in which scholars volunteer to act in solidarity with local educators, librarians, and school board members under fire due to anti-CRT/divisive concepts campaigns and legislation.

7. Eric Jotkoff, “NEA President: ‘Students, Parents, Educators and Public Schools Were the Big Winners in the Key Races of the 2022 Elections,’” NEA, November 9, 2022: Press Release from NEA President emphasizing
that midterm election results favored candidates who provided a clear and positive message about public education and rejected extremist politics pushing culture wars in schools.


12. Combating legislative proposals for post tenure faculty review
   a) “Florida Board of Governors Notice of Proposed New Regulation,” November 9, 2022: Proposal from Florida Board of Governors for a problematic and politicized Post-Tenure Faculty Review
   b) “UFF’s Talking Points for BOG Regulation 10.003 – ‘Post-Tenure Faculty Review,” Faculty Union’s talking points for combatting proposal

C. Resources for Teaching and Activism

1. PEN America, Campus Free Speech Guide: This guide provides resources for administrators, faculty and students on issues ranging from academic freedom, discrimination and harassment and hateful speech to invited speakers and campus protests.

2. PEN America, Free Expression Advocacy Institutes: Pen offers online multi-week programs to help student understand and act in defense of free expression.

3. American Historical Association, Teaching Resources for Historians: Provides classroom materials for K-12 and higher ed organized by topic (e.g. local history, empire, political history, food and food ways), by
resource type (e.g. digitized primary sources and teaching modules,) and by approaches to teaching (e.g. globalizing the US survey and supporting K-12 teaching).

4. American Historical Association, “Teaching History with Integrity”: The largest US professional association of historians provides resources and support for history educators facing intensifying controversies over the teaching of US history.

5. American Historical Association, “A Snapshot of the Public’s Views on History,” August 30, 2021: Summary of survey about public attitudes toward what history is and how it should be taught.
   a) Full report and data can be downloaded here

6. Southern Poverty Law Center, Know Your Rights: Students and LGBTQ Rights at School: Lays out the legal rights which LGBTQ students have, explains how to document and seek redress from a school if they are violated and provides a link to the SPLC if further action is needed.

7. Zinn Education Project, Teaching Materials: Provides an abundance of resources for all periods of US history, covering multiple themes and divided by grade levels. Resources include articles, books, audio, websites, and films as well as teaching activities.

8. National Council for the Social Studies: Provides basic information on how social studies educators can engage in activism.

9. UC National Center for Free Speech and Civic Engagement: Provides research and resources relating to free speech as well as fellows working on this issue.

10. Learn from History, Provides guilds for school system leaders and school board members on how to combat misinformation and defend the accurate teaching of history and social studies.

11. Foundation for Individual Rights and Expression, FIRE: While FIRE generally defends conservatives, it protested some attacks on academic freedom and on public libraries.
   a) Jeffrey Sachs, “Everyone’s Wrong about FIRE: The Organization to Defend Campus Free Speech has its Problems, but There not What Critics Think,” Chronicle of Higher Education, Nov. 30, 2022: Sachs criticizes FIRE for endorsing curbs on academic freedom by religious schools, producing a misleading free speech ranking of schools, failing to protest legislative interference in colleges and universities.